## **Article - Criminal Law**

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§5–623.				
	(a)	(1)	In thi	s section the following words have the meanings indicated.
		(2) "Drug crime" means:		
			(i)	a crime under this title; or
crime	under	this ti	(ii) tle if co	a crime committed in another jurisdiction that would be a smmitted in this State.
		(3)	"Fina	ncial transaction" means:
			(i)	a payment;
			(ii)	a purchase;
			(iii)	a sale;
			(iv)	a loan;
			(v)	a pledge;
			(vi)	a transfer;
			(vii)	a delivery;
			(viii)	a deposit;
			(ix)	a withdrawal; or
(x) an extension of credit or exchange of a instrument or equivalent property, including precious metals, stones airline tickets, stamps, or credit in a financial institution as defined in § 1				

(4) "Monetary instrument" means:

Financial Institutions Article.

(i) coin or currency of the United States or any other country;

- (ii) a bank check;
- (iii) a travelers' check;
- (iv) a money order;
- (v) an investment security; or
- (vi) a negotiable instrument.
- (5) "Proceeds" means money or any other property with a value exceeding \$10,000.
- (b) Except for a financial transaction necessary to preserve a person's right to representation as guaranteed by the 6th Amendment to the United States Constitution and Article 21 of the Maryland Declaration of Rights, a person may not, with the intent to promote a drug crime or with the intent to conceal or disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, or control of proceeds of a drug crime:
- (1) receive or acquire proceeds knowing that the proceeds are derived from a drug crime;
- (2) engage in a financial transaction involving proceeds knowing that the proceeds are derived from a drug crime;
- (3) give, sell, transfer, trade, invest, conceal, transport, or maintain an interest in proceeds knowing that the proceeds are derived from a drug crime;
- (4) direct, promote, plan, organize, initiate, finance, manage, supervise, or facilitate the transportation or transfer of proceeds knowing that the proceeds are derived from a drug crime; or
- (5) conduct a financial transaction involving proceeds knowing that the proceeds are derived from a drug crime.
- (c) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to:
  - (1) for a first violation:
    - (i) imprisonment not exceeding 5 years;
- (ii) a fine not exceeding the greater of \$250,000 or twice the value of the proceeds involved in the financial transaction; or

- (iii) both; or
- (2) for each subsequent violation:
  - (i) imprisonment not exceeding 10 years;
- (ii) a fine not exceeding the greater of \$500,000 or 5 times the value of the proceeds involved in the financial transaction; or
  - (iii) both.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for purposes of this section each financial transaction is a separate violation.

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